Campbell, Carroll,

Ohr, Purnell, Willis-14.

On motion of Mr. Campbell,

The Senate reconsidered the vote rejecting the amendment proposed by Mr. Eichelberger;

The question upon the adoption of the amendment was then determined in the affirmative by year and nays as follow:

AFFIRMATIVE.

Messrs. Campbell, Carroll, Eichelberger, Given, Ohr, Purnell,

Stirling, Tome.—8

NEGATIVE.

Messrs. Sellman, Pt. Bayne,

Firey, Rowles, Willis.—5

Mr. Stirling submitted the following amendment;

Resolved by the General Assembly of Maryland, That immediate emancipation ought to be adopted in this State by a change in the organic law by a Constitutional Convention.

Resolved, That this General Assembly regrets that our representatives did not tender a cordial acceptance to the proposition of President Lincoln, offering to aid Maryland in emancipating her slaves, and that if the aid of the Government shall not be given to the State hereafter, it will be the fault of those who lost the golden opportunity.

Resolved, That this General Assembly hail with delight the efforts of loyal men in Arkansas, Louisiana, Tennessee and Missouri, to re-establish State Governments in accordance with the proclamation of the President. That we believe there can be no stable peace in this country until the institution of slavery is removed, and that this General Assembly approve the amnesty proclamation of the President, and express their judgment that the President's proclamations should be regarded as fixed facts, and carried into effect by proper laws by Congress, that the pledges made therein should be solemnly regarded, and that the General Assembly regards the project of the deputation of the African race as unwise, impracticable and fraught only with ruin to the industrial interests of the States that have hitherto depended on slave labor.

Which was read;

The question upon its adoption was determined in the negative by yeas and nays as follow: